

Clayton Plant Protection Ltd

CLAYTON PONTOON

PCS No. 06681

For use only as an agricultural fungicide for the control of stem-base, foliar and ear diseases in winter and spring wheat (also reduction of the mycotoxin deoxynivalenol), winter rye, triticale and winter and spring barley, winter and spring oats and for disease control in winter oilseed rape. An emulsifiable concentrate formulation containing 125 g/L (12.8% w/w) prothioconazole and 125 g/L (12.8%) tebuconazole. **For Professional use only.**

CLAYTON PONTOON

Contains 125 g/L prothioconazole, 125 g/L tebuconazole and N,N,-Dimethyl decanamide

**WARNING**

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

Avoid release to the environment.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF

swallowed: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.

Collect spillage.

Dispose of contents/container to a licenced hazardous waste disposal contractor or collection site except for triple rinsed empty containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

Contains 2-[2-(1-chlorocyclopropyl)-2-hydroxy-3phenylpropyl]-2,4-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3thione. May produce an allergic reaction.

To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

Authorisation holder:

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PROTECT FROM FROST
STORE IN A COOL DRY PLACE
READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS Operator Protection

Wash any contamination from eyes immediately.

Wash hands and exposed skin before meals and after work.

Environmental Protection

Do not contaminate water with the product or its container. (Do not clean application equipment near surface water.

Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads).

To protect aquatic organisms respect an unsprayed buffer zone of 5m to surface water bodies. Spray must be aimed away from water.

Storage and Disposal

Do not re-use container for any purpose and dispose of safely.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

Keep out of reach of children.

RINSE CONTAINER THOROUGHLY by using an integrated pressure rinsing device or manually rinsing three times. Add washings to sprayer at time of filling and dispose of safely.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IMPORTANT: This information is approved as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be read carefully in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

CROP SPECIFIC INFORMATION

Clayton Pontoon is a mixture of a triazolinthione and triazole fungicide recommended for the control of a wide range of diseases on winter and spring barley, winter and spring wheat, triticale, winter rye, winter and spring oats, and in winter oilseed rape.

Method of application: Tractor mounted sprayer. Do not apply by hand held equipment. Apply Clayton Pontoon in 200–300 litres per hectare water. Use a spray pressure of 2-3 bar and apply as a medium spray quality.

RATE OF USE

Crop	Maximum individual dose L/ha product	Maximum total dose per season L/ha product	Latest time of application
Wheat, triticale and winter rye	1.0	2.0	End of flowering, (GS 69)
Barley and oats	1.0	2.0	Beginning of flowering, (GS 61)
Oilseed rape (winter and spring)	1.0	2.0	56 days before harvest

A minimum of 21 days must be observed between applications to the above crops.

APPLICATION TO WINTER AND SPRING BARLEY, WINTER AND SPRING WHEAT, TRITICALE, WINTER RYE, WINTER AND SPRING OATS

(C=control. MC = moderate control. R= resistant)	Wheat	Barley	Oats	Rye	Triticale
Eyespot (<i>Oculimacula</i> spp.)	R	R	R	R	R
Septoria Leaf Blotch (<i>Mycosphaerella graminicola</i>)	MC	-	-	-	MC
Glume Blotch (<i>Stagonospora nodorum</i>)	MC	-	-	-	-
Powdery Mildew (<i>Blumeria graminis</i>)	MC	C	C	C	C
Yellow Rust	C	C	-	-	C
Brown Rust	C	C	-	C	C
Crown Rust	-	-	C	-	-
Tan Spot	MC	-	-	-	-
Fusarium Ear blight	R	MC	-	-	-
Sooty Moulds	R	R	-	-	-
Rhynchosporium Leaf Blotch	-	MC	-	C	-
Net Blotch	-	C	-	-	-

Septoria Leaf Spot and Glume Blotch (*Septoria tritici* and *Leptosphaeria nodorum*) : To protect the upper leaves and ear apply Clayton Pontoon at full flag leaf emergence (GS 37) up to mid-flowering (GS 65). Apply before disease is established in the crop. A repeat application may be necessary if disease pressure remains high. If symptoms are already present control is likely to be less effective.

Yellow Rust : Apply Clayton Pontoon at the first signs of disease. If re-infection occurs a second application may be made 3 weeks later. Applications made to established infections are likely to be less effective.

Brown Rust : Apply Clayton Pontoon at the first signs of disease. Clayton Pontoon controls brown rust in barley (*Puccinia hordei*), rye (*P. recondita*) and wheat (*P. recondita*). A second application may be made 3 weeks later if reinfection occurs. Applications made to established infections are likely to be less effective.

Powdery Mildew (*Blumeria graminis*) : Apply Clayton Pontoon at the first signs of disease. If disease pressure remains high a 2nd application may be necessary.

Crown Rust (*Puccinia coronata*) : Apply Clayton Pontoon at the first signs of disease in winter and spring oats. If re-infection occurs apply a second application 3 weeks later. Application to an established infection is likely to be less effective.

Tan Spot (*Pyrenophora tritici-repensis*) : Apply Clayton Pontoon at the first signs of disease in spring/early summer. Where disease pressure remains high application may be repeated. **Ear**

Disease Complex : Control of Fusarium ear blight and reduction of sooty moulds can result in cleaner, brighter ears. Apply Clayton Pontoon soon after ear emergence until the end of flowering (GS 59-69). By reducing ear blight, Clayton Pontoon effectively reduces the level of the Fusarium mycotoxin deoxynivalenol (DON) in wheat grain. However, if Fusarium levels are high, the reduction achieved may not always be sufficient to ensure that DON levels fall below the statutory limit. **Leaf**

Blotch (*Rhynchosporium secalis*) : For a high level of control apply Clayton Pontoon in spring at the first signs of disease. For severe infections a second application may be necessary 3 weeks later. **Net**

Blotch (*Pyrenophora teres*) : Apply Clayton Pontoon at the first signs of disease in spring/early summer. A second application 3 weeks later for severe infection will give most effective control should conditions remain suitable for disease development.

Eyespot (*Oculimacula* spp.) : To reduce the incidence and severity of eyespot, spray Clayton Pontoon in the spring at the first sign of disease, from when the leaf sheaths begin to become erect until the 2nd node is detectable (GS 30–32).

APPLICATION TO WINTER OILSEED RAPE

Light Leaf Spot	MC
Phoma Leaf spot/Stem Canker	C
Sclerotinia stem rot	C
C = Control MC = Moderate Control	

Light Leaf Spot : Apply Clayton Pontoon in autumn/winter (usually late October to early December) protectively. Depending on disease development, a second spray may be required in early spring from the onset of stem elongation,

Phoma Leaf spot/Stem Canker : Apply Clayton Pontoon in autumn at the first sign of disease. Should disease symptoms reoccur a second spray may be required in late autumn/winter,.

Sclerotinia stem rot (*Sclerotinia sclerotiorum*) : Apply Clayton Pontoon at early to full flower.

RESISTANCE STRATEGY

Repeated application of Clayton Pontoon alone should not be used on the same crop against a high risk pathogen such as cereal powdery mildew. Tank-mixtures or alternation with fungicides having a different mode of action (e.g. morpholines) have been shown to protect against the development of resistant forms of disease.

CAUTION: The possible development of disease strains resistant to Clayton Pontoon cannot be excluded or predicted. Where such resistant strains occur, Clayton Pontoon is unlikely to give satisfactory control.

Mixing

Thoroughly shake the pack before use. Add the required quantity of Clayton Pontoon to the half-filled spray tank with the agitation system in operation and then fill to the required level. Spray immediately after mixing. Continue agitation at all times during spraying and stoppages until the tank is completely empty. **General**

Sprayers should be thoroughly cleaned before use. Check jets and filters for damage and blockages. Adjust boom height ensure even coverage of the crop, particularly at later growth stages. The correct height is when the spray from alternate nozzles meet just above the crop. In dense crops higher water volumes should be used.

NOTICE TO BUYER

All goods supplied by us are of a high grade and we believe them to be suitable for any purpose for which we expressly supply them, but as we cannot exercise control over their mixing or use, all conditions and warranties statutory or otherwise, as to the quality or fitness for any purpose of our goods are excluded and no responsibility will be accepted by us for any damage or injury whatsoever arising from their storage, handling, application or use

Since the occurrence of resistance cannot be forecast, neither Clayton Plant Protection Limited nor its distributors can accept responsibility for any loss or damage to crops caused by the failure of CLAYTON PONTOON to control resistant strains.